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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/796,025	03/10/2004	Wataru Tazoc	503.43626X00	2138
	7590 10/12/2007 TERRY, STOUT & KR	EXAMINER		
1300 NORTH 5	SEVENTEENTH STREE	HAND, MELANIE JO		
SUITE 1800 ARLINGTON, VA 22209-3873			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			3761	
		h.	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/12/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action						
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brie	ef.					

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/796,025	TAZOE ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Melanie J. Hand	3761	

	Melanie J. Hand	3/01	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>22 August 2007</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or of this application, applicant must timely file one of the follo places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No. (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in completion following time periods: 	n the same day as filing a Notice o wing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in	f Appeal. To avoid ab ffidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 (ence, which CFR 41.31; or
 a)	sory Action, or (2) the date set forth in than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o	f the final rejection.	
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	nd the corresponding amount of the fee. tutory period for reply originally set in the	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2)	n fee under 37 as set forth in (b)
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in composition of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any estimates a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be AMENDMENTS	xtension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal o	of the appeal.
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, They raise new issues that would require further co 	nsideration and/or search (see NO		because
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or		educing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a		ejected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):·		
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s). 	llowable if submitted in a separate	, timely filed amendm	ent canceling
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:		vill be entered and an	explanation of
Claim(s) rejected: <u>18-24</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar 	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	eal and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after	entry is below or attac	ched.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	it does NOT place the application	in condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).		
13. Other:			
TATYANA	ZALUKAEVA	AJH /	

SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER

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Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: With respect to applicant's arguments regarding the rejection of claims 18 and 22 as unpatentable over Lawrence in view of Conkling: As an initial matter, in response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Applicant argues that Lawrence teaches a coverstock that is hydrophobic yet capable of breathing and thus does not keep the urine absorbent material highly airtight. This is not found persuasive because "highly airtight" is not sufficiently defined in the disclosure and is thus given a meaning for examination purposes that is equal to "airtight". The fact that the coverstock of Lawrence is capable of breathing does not completely render the coverstock incapable of keeping the absorbent material airtight along with the impermeable outer sheet. In fact the invention as claimed in claim 18 sets forth that "urine is absorbed into said urine absorbent material through a hole on said top sheet upon wearer's urination." This is interpreted herein as a further limiting description of applicant's term "highly airtight" in that the topsheet is airtight to the extent that a topsheet having a hole therein can be airtight.

With respect to applicant's arguments regarding the prior art of Conkling, these arguments have been fully considered but are not persuasive as Applicants' arguments depend entirely on Applicants' arguments regarding the rejection of claims 18 and 22, which have been addressed supra.

With respect to applicant's arguments regarding the rejection of claims 19-21, 23 and 24 over Lawrence in view of Conkling and further in view of Reed, applicant argues that Reed pertains to a wound dressing and does not seek to solve the same problem as the claimed invention. This is not found persuasive because a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. Applicant further argues that "Examiner admits that the Reed et all patent does not have the dry breathability characteristics set forth in claims 20, 21, 23 and 24". This is not found persuasive. Applicant is referred back to the Office action on page 6 where it is clear in the rejection of claims 20,21, 23 and 24 that it is acknowledged by the Office that Lawrence in view of Conkling (not Lawrence in view of Conkling and further in view of Reed) does not teach a particular breathability. Thus applicant's argument is insufficient and moot. With respect to the combined teaching of Lawrence and Conkling and Reed, it is also clear the claim is rejected on an argument of inherency, yet applicant does not address any supposd errors in the inherency argument presented by the Office. Applicant is encouraged in any response to this Office action to more fully and properly argue the rejection of claims 20, 21, 23 and 24 to overcome said rejection.